

### GOOD BYE, MR.CHIPS

### Q1)What type of school was Brookfield?

Ans) Brookfield was a good school of second rank. It was established in the reign of Queen Elizabeth. The building of the school was magnificent and staff was also hardworking and dedicated. Hundred of the best politicians, scholars and history makers were studied here in their early life as well.

### Q2) Describe Mr. Chips early appointments in different schools?

Ans) Firstly, Mr.Chips served Melbury School as a teacher for one year but he did not enjoy his career there. Later on he joined Brookfield in 1870 before summer vacations. He proved his worth in this school as well.

# Q3) Who was whetherby? Describe his personality and relationship with Chips?

Ans) Mr.Whetherby was the headmaster of Brookfield on the time when Mr.Chips joined the school. Mr.Whetherby was a courteous, polite and co-operative person. He was a good headmaster as well. He had nice terms with Chips. He advised him to give enthusiasm to Brookfield as the school would give him same thing in reward.

### Q4) When was Chips born? Describe his early life?

Ans) Chips was born in 1848. He was taken to an exhibition in his childhood. He graduated in 1868. He was not so brilliant boy but honest.

### Q5) Where did Chips live while he was teaching in Brookfield?

Ans) Mr. Chips lived at Mrs.Wicketts rented room. It was rather small but sunny and comfortable. All the literary material was present there. Chips spent his time there by reading, writing and remembering his past. He used to read "The Times"

### Q6) Describe Chips journey to Lake District and adventure as well?

Ans) In 1896's Summer vacations, Chips visited Lake district .His colleague Rowden was along with him who came back after one week due to some house hold pursuits. Then Chips stayed alone in a small farmhouse at Wesdale head. One day while he climbed the great gable, he looked a young girl who waved. Chips considered her in a problem. He hurriedly ran to help her but fell and got injured. After wards, the girl came with her friend and picked up Chips. She took a lot of care until chips got cured.

### Q7) Describe general appearance of Katherine?

Ans) Katherine Bridges was twenty five years old. She had blue flashing eyes freckled cheeks and smooth straw coloured hair. She was a governess out of a job. She used to read Ibsen, Bernard Shaw and William Morris.

#### Q8) Describe the relationship of Chips and Katherine?

Ans) While taking care of chips, Katherine liked his gentle and quite manners and charming personality. They both fell in love when Chips was able to walk without stick, they considered themselves engaged. Later on, they got married in London a week before reopening the school. Katherine had a very high opinion about Chips profession as well. She played a vital role during her brief company with Chips. She became a source to bring near the students of higher and lower status. She and her newly born child were died in 1898.

### Q9) What were the feeling of Mr. Chips after the death of his wife?

Ans) Chips felt very upset and lost. He engaged himself in his daily routines. Instead of listening kind words of condolences, he shifted again to bachelors quarters and now appeared to be really old.

# Q10) What was the most important event there in Brookfield when Katherine was alive as Mr. Chips wife?

Ans) Katherine lived in Brookfield for only two years. Katherine presented a great idea of a cricket match among the poor students of Mission school and rich class of Brookfieldians. All the people startled and considered it a revolutionary step. With her effort the difference between poor and rich came to an end. The match held there successfully. All the people behaved well.

#### Q11) Describe a brief history of Brookfield's headship?

Ans) Weatherly was head at the time of Chips joining. Meldrum succeeded him until be died on 1900. Then Chips took charge as acting head while Ralston succeeded Chips.

# Q12) Describe the main features of Ralston's character:-Moreover write about the relationship between Chips and Ralston?

Ans) When Ralston took his charge, he was thirty seven years old. He was an efficient, ruthless and ambitious person. He was, infact, a live wire but not very like able. Chips served him very loyally and willingly. Ralston thought that Chips was old and there was no more need of his service so he ordered him to submit resign but Chips refused it openly. Chips thought that Ralston wanted to sun Brookfield like a factory.

Q13) When and how did the row between Chips and Ralston take place?

Ans) It took place on 1908. Ralston told Chips that he did not like him due to his old fashioned teaching method and slovenly personal habits. Moreover, according to his logics, he wanted to make Brookfield an up-to-date school. So he demanded an immediate resignation from Chips who denied to do so. Chips stood up to leave and told Ralston that he could do what he liked about it.

### Q14) How did people come to know about this row? What was their reaction?

Ans) A small boy, who wanted to see Ralston, listened and reported it to his fellows. As a result, the common knowledge was that Ralston had insulted chips and had demanded his resignation. There was a wave of hatred for Ralston in people's heart. They totally were in the favour of Chips.

### Q15) What was the reaction of higher authorities of the school about the row?

Ans) Sir John River, the chairman of governors, visited other school to settle the issue. He ignored Ralston and went directly to Chips and told that he could stay there as long as he liked as the governors did not want him to resign. This statement was carried a silent message for Ralston as well.

### Q16) What kind of thoughts Chips had about war?

Ans) Chips wished that the war should come to an end very soon at least before Christmas. After evening service every Sunday night, Chatteris used to read the names of those old brookfieldians who were killed in the war. Chips felt sad to hear that news.

### Q17) In his final years, how and why Chips accepted headship of Brookfield?

Ans) During war, once Chatterice called Chips and insisted him to rejoin but he excuse due to his poor health. Then, on April 1917 while Chatterice died, Brookfield came in problem. Later on, with the request of Governors, Chips accepted headship for two years 1917 and 1918. He handled all the situation very sensibly as he had got a lot of experience and confidence.

## Q18) What happened with Chips and its surrounding during an air raid of enemy?

Ans) One day while Chips was busy in his lecture, firstly there was issued warning of air attack. Then it was happened. There were the furious sounds of bombing and bullets all around but Chips did not step his lecture. It shows his great bravery and commitment towards his profession.

### Q19) How did Mafckin night celebrated in Brookfield?

Ans) When the British won their South Africa war Brookfield celebrated Mafekin night. They burnt bone fire near the pavallion. Later on, the fire went out of control so fire brigade was called.

## Q20) Describe about Chips farewell, his speech and the event in your own words?

Ans) Chips received his farewell presentation at the end of term dinner on July 1913. His speech contained a lot of jokes in it. People enjoyed it much and laughed heartily. The speech had experience of Chips life, which he had spent at Brookfield for more than forty-two years.

# Q21) What kind of reputation Chips earned? What did he do with his money?

Ans) Chips had earned the reputation of great jester. People often said that he was a marvelous person Chips used to give away major part of his income to needy people, to various school funds and to Brookfield mission.

### Q22) Which season did Chips like the most and why?

Ans) Chips liked summer season due to weather. He liked to set near fire in late evenings while he was interested in the season due to continual visit of the old boys who called at his home and he recognized them by their names.

#### Q23) Why did Chips like Brookfield?

Ans) Chips liked Brookfield because it was an old foundation, had survived and had also stood the test of time change and war. Moreover Brookfieldians were very helpful as they loaded motor vans with food stuff for the needy people during a general strike of 1926.

### Q24) What were the two things that Mr. Chips had never done in his life?

Ans) Mr. Chips had never travelled by air and he had never been to a talky show.

#### Q25) Describe Mr. Chips final days?

Ans) On a November afternoon, 1933 he was caught by severe cold he went home where Dr. Merivale gave him a perfect visit. Later on, a small boy named Linford who was wearing Brookfield cap visited him, stayed with him and on his departure said "Good bye Mr. Chips!" as Katherine had said same wording for him on the night before wedding Chips died in 1933.

### Best Of Luck